Agency: Natural Resource Commission and Iowa Department of Natural Resources (DNR)

IAC Citation: 571 IAC Chapter 86, “Turtles”

Agency Contact: Martin Konrad, 725-8447, Martin.Konrad@dnr.iowa.gov

Statutory Authority: Iowa Code §§ 481A.39, 481A.67, 482.1 and House File 2357 (2016)

Preclearance Requested Review Deadline: September 28, 2016

Purpose of Proposed Rule: The purpose of this proposed rulemaking is to do the following:

1. Establish seasons and daily catch limits for both commercial and non-commercial (recreational) harvest of common snapping, smooth softshell, spiny softshell, and painted turtles as instructed to in House File 2357, signed by Governor Branstad on March 23, 2016 (HF 2357);
2. Prevent culling of turtles, i.e., releasing turtles after being taken into possession because they are considered inferior to other turtles taken; and
3. Add gear attendance and gear tagging requirements.

Nothing in this proposed rulemaking shall apply to aquaculture operations already regulated pursuant to Iowa Code sections 481A.141-145 or 571 IAC Chapter 89. In addition, the proposed rule does not implement any requirement that may be imposed on commercial turtle harvesters and buyers by the U.S. Department of State or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service due to the proposed inclusion of wild spiny softshell, smooth softshell, and common snapping turtles in Appendix 3 of the Convention on the International Trade of Endangered Species (CITES), effective November 2016.

Need for Proposed Rule: HF 2357 specifically instructs the Natural Resource Commission (NRC) to adopt rules establishing commercial and recreational seasons and daily catch limits on turtles. Iowa law also requires the NRC, in partnership with the DNR, to manage the state’s turtle population for posterity.

Many surrounding Midwest states have determined their turtle populations can only be managed for posterity by entirely closing commercial harvest (see, e.g., North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois, and Indiana). The DNR considered this approach. However, as an interim measure and pending the results of HF 2357’s five-year study (more below), the DNR has instead determined, and is proposing to the NRC, that commercial and recreational harvest can continue so long as egg-laying females are protected during most of their nesting season, and with restrictive daily catch and possession limits. The proposed rule is structured accordingly.

Specifically, the proposed rule establishes a July 16 through May 14 commercial harvest season on common snapping, smooth softshell, spiny softshell, and painted turtles. The same season dates apply to recreational harvest of smooth softshell, spiny softshell, and painted turtles; however, common snapping turtles shall not be subject to any recreational season but instead shall be open year-round for recreational take.
The proposed rule’s daily catch and possession limits have been developed to hold harvest to recent historical levels while the DNR completes a five-year study on the sustainability of Iowa’s turtle populations. This approach is consistent with the North American Wildlife Management model and the NRC’s authority in statute.

The proposed daily catch limits are based on the reported take of all harvesters from a prior ten year period (2005-2014). The proposed possession limits were calculated at five times the daily catch limits. More precisely:

- The proposed commercial daily catch and possession limits are respectively:
  - for common snapping turtles, 4 and 20;
  - for the two softshell species in aggregate, 1 and 5; and
  - for painted turtles, 1 and 5.

- Recreational possession limits are set by Iowa Code section 483A.28 (100 lbs. of live turtles or 50 lbs. of dressed turtles). Daily catch limits for recreational harvest are proposed to be the same as above, provided the possession limit defined in Iowa Code is not exceeded.

In addition, proposals for gear placement, gear attendance, and releasing turtles are included to protect turtle health. All turtle traps (whether in a river, stream, pond, or lake) must be set above the waterlines to avoid drowning turtles should there be unexpected rises in water levels.

Finally, as noted above, HF 2357 also instructed the NRC to conduct a review of the status of the state’s turtle population to determine whether these harvest regulations should be revised. Per the legislation, this study must begin no later than January 1, 2017, with a final report due to the General Assembly by July 1, 2021. The study officially began on July 6, 2016 and includes sampling three habitat types where the four harvestable species live. The NRC intends to assess turtle populations on a regional basis. The DNR will contact and involve appropriate organizations in the review of the study’s data. There is no rulemaking component of this legislation so this study is not addressed in the proposed rule; it is mentioned in this packet merely to address the entirety of HF 2357.

Nothing in this proposed rulemaking shall apply to aquaculture operations already regulated pursuant to Iowa Code sections 481A.141-145 or 571 IAC Chapter 89.

Stakeholder Engagement: Stakeholder engagement began on September 17, 2015 when the DNR hosted a meeting at Neal Smith National Wildlife Refuge to discuss turtle harvesting in Iowa. Stakeholders met again on May 12, 2016 and discussed recommended season dates and catch and possession limits in response to HF 2357. Participating stakeholders included commercial and recreational harvesters, NRC Commissioners Marcus Branstad and Kim Francisco, a professional naturalist, State Representative Dean Fisher, and representatives from the, Fishing and Aquaculture Association, Iowa Conservation Alliance, Izaak Walton League, Iowa Sierra Club, Iowa Rivers Revival, Pheasants Forever, Blank Park Zoo, Iowa Environmental Council, and Stantec Company. On May 31, 2016, the DNR Director held a special meeting with the Iowa Trappers Association and the Iowa Fur Takers of America to gather comments from those organizations. All stakeholders were invited to share comments and information with the DNR on possible season dates and harvest limits through written submissions until June 17, 2016.

All told, approximately 240 emails and letters were received. Of these, seven expressed concern about
impacts to harvest and the loss of jobs in Iowa. Other commenters were concerned about the sustainability of Iowa’s turtle population. The majority of stakeholders supported closing commercial harvest completely. The most notable stakeholder comments were:

- Daily catch limits are too restrictive and will put the harvester out of business
- Season dates should be adjusted to allow for more harvest days
- Establish species-specific seasons
- Set the season to begin after 80% of the females have completed nesting
- Establish a minimum possession of 100/species
- Turtle harvesting should be banned entirely
- The harvest of female turtles should be eliminated entirely
- Regulations should be set according to sex
- The harvest season shouldn’t be more than 90 days in recognition of the slow reproductive rate of turtles
- Establish turtle harvest quotas instead of catch and possession limits
- Establish turtle length limits
- Has the DNR contacted the Minnesota or Wisconsin DNR to determine if their regulations have been effective in increasing turtle populations?
- Implement a pilot program where wild turtle eggs are collected, cultured, and hatchlings stocked back into the wild

The DNR held one additional stakeholder meeting at the Iowa State Capitol on September 8, 2016 and solicited comments through September 16, 2016. During the September 8 meeting, DNR received 8 favorable responses (organizations and individuals) regarding proposed season dates and catch and possession limits and two unfavorable responses. During the public comment period, DNR received 148 emails in support of efforts to impose turtle trapping restrictions and commenters urged the DNR to propose regulations. These emails included support from people that identified themselves as hunters and anglers. The overwhelming message from these emails was the need to ban commercial harvest of turtles. Four individuals responded with disappointment about DNR’s rulemaking. One individual accepted the need for a season but stated that the proposed daily catch limits will cause him not to purchase a license next year. Another proposed different closed season dates, opposed daily catch limits and called for a harvest quota system. Two individuals expressed discontent about only a week’s notice of the September 8 stakeholder meeting, opposed any regulation not directed in HF2357, stated their position on the 5-year study, discussed the possibility of quota regulations, and indicated that the proposed regulations would cause 10 businesses to close.

DNR considered these stakeholder comments and information gathered from the May 12 and September 8 meetings and their commenting periods in finalizing this proposed rule. Season dates were selected based upon scientific literature cited and on DNR recommendations found in the white paper titled “Iowa’s Commercial Turtle Harvest.” These dates capture most of the egg-laying female’s nesting season for all four harvestable species. These limits are based on a ten year average of days worked by turtle harvesters, reported turtle weights and reported harvest amounts.

Alternatives:
The DNR also considered the suggestion to implement a quota system or either a sex- or species-specific season, but decided these were not feasible approaches at this time. A quota system would require either new tags or a new electronic reporting system (so as to accurately monitor take in
almost real-time); it would also arguably require legislative changes to Iowa Code Chapter 482. Sex- or species-specific regulations would be more cumbersome for harvesters to follow and for DNR to enforce than the proposed rule will be. The DNR also considered a ban on commercial harvest, as North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois, and Indiana have, or a ban except for limited waters, as Missouri has. The DNR will revisit all feasible alternatives pending the data set from its five-year study.

Besides stakeholder feedback, DNR relied on other important criteria in drafting this proposed rule including simplicity of dates and structure to ensure the rule will be simple and easy for harvesters to understand and comply with (which reflects enforceability, too); and cost effectiveness while sustaining turtle populations for commercial and noncommercial harvest.
# Administrative Rules

## JOBS IMPACT STATEMENT

### 1. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency:</th>
<th>Natural Resource Commission and Iowa Department of Natural Resources (DNR)</th>
</tr>
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<td>Agency Contact:</td>
<td>Martin Konrad, 725-8447, <a href="mailto:Martin.Konrad@dnr.iowa.gov">Martin.Konrad@dnr.iowa.gov</a></td>
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<td>Statutory Authority:</td>
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**Objective:**

The purpose of this proposed rulemaking is to do the following:

1. Establish seasons and daily catch limits for both commercial and non-commercial (recreational) harvest of common snapping, smooth softshell, spiny softshell, and painted turtles as instructed to in House File 2357, signed by Governor Branstad on March 23, 2016 (HF 2357);
2. Prevent culling of turtles, i.e., releasing turtles after being taken into possession because they are considered inferior to other turtles taken; and
3. Add gear attendance and gear tagging requirements.

Nothing in this proposed rulemaking shall apply to aquaculture operations already regulated pursuant to Iowa Code sections 481A.141-145 or 571 IAC Chapter 89. In addition, the proposed rule does not implement any requirement that may be imposed on commercial turtle harvesters and buyers by the U.S. Department of State or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service due to the proposed inclusion of wild spiny softshell, smooth softshell, and common snapping turtles in Appendix 3 of the Convention on the International Trade of Endangered Species (CITES), effective November 2016.

**Summary:**

The proposed rule establishes a July 16 through May 14 commercial harvest season on common snapping, smooth softshell, spiny softshell, and painted turtles. The same season dates apply to recreational harvest of smooth softshell, spiny softshell, and painted turtles; however, common snapping turtles shall be open year-round for recreational harvest. The proposed rule also imposes daily catch limits to maintain the overall harvest numbers similar to that of all harvesters from a prior ten year period (2005-2014). The proposed possession limits were calculated at five times the daily catch limits. There is also gear placement, gear tag, and gear attendance requirements for all harvesters, and a prohibition against culling (release of a turtle after being taken into possession because it is considered inferior to other turtles taken).
2. JOB IMPACT ANALYSIS

☐ Fill in this box if impact meets these criteria:

____ No Job Impact on private sector jobs and employment opportunities in the State.
(If you make this determination, you must include the following statement in the preamble to the rule: “After analysis and review of this rulemaking, no impact on jobs has been found.”)

Explanation:

X Fill in this box if impact meets either of these criteria:

____ Positive Job Impact on private sector jobs and employment opportunities in the State.
____ Negative Job Impact on private sector jobs and employment opportunities in the State.

Description and quantification of the nature of the impact the proposed rule will have on private sector jobs and employment opportunities:

The commercial turtle industry consists of turtle harvesters, turtle harvest helpers, and turtle buyers, all of whom must be licensed under state law to harvest and/or buy wild turtles in Iowa. According to DNR records, the following licenses were issued on average per year over the past four years (2012 – 2015):

- 145 harvesters
- 18 turtle harvest helpers
- 13 turtle buyers

There is potential for a negative impact on jobs in the commercial turtle harvest industry. Through stakeholder input, DNR learned that the majority of income derived by most commercial harvesters is used to supplement other income sources (farming, social security, fur harvesting, etc.). In a July 22, 2016 Des Moines Register article, trappers provided the following information about a proposed turtle harvest season to the Des Moines Register writer (these are direct quotes from the article):

- “Trappers fear that if limits are set too narrowly – a short season with a small daily catch limit – it could make commercial trapping financially unviable, threatening their livelihoods and their way of life.”
- One trapper “worries about the season and catch limits under consideration by the DNR, saying that if they were strict enough to effectively end commercial trapping, it would be ‘devastating’ on a deeply personal level.”
- One trapper “estimates that turtle trapping accounts for about one-fourth of his income some years, depending on the catch.”
- One trapper was quoted as saying: “‘There’s a lot of people that do make a living doing that during the summer months, and you’re basically shutting them down.’”

In a September 15, 2016 letter to DNR, the representative of the Iowa Trappers Association and the Iowa Fur Takers of America indicated the following:

“Simply put, the proposal, as presented, would force the closure of several Iowa small businesses and put many hardworking Iowans out of work. A conservative estimate by
the industry indicates the closure of at least 10 Iowa small businesses as a result of the proposal. The estimate also indicates at least 15 Iowans put out of work.”

The purpose of the proposed rule is to protect Iowa’s wild turtle populations to both sustain them for posterity as required by law, but also to provide ongoing harvest opportunity. To that latter point, this proposed rule should actually support the continuation of commercial harvest in the state.

Categories of jobs and employment opportunities that are affected by the proposed rule:

- Commercial turtle harvesters – self employed
- Commercial turtle harvester helpers – employed by a turtle harvester
- Commercial turtle buyer – self employed
- Seasonal employment by commercial turtle buyers

Number of jobs or potential job opportunities:
Unknown. However, in a September 15, 2016 letter to DNR, the representative of the Iowa Trappers Association and the Iowa Fur Takers of America indicated that a turtle harvesting season would lead to the closure of at least 10 Iowa small businesses and 15 Iowans out of work.

Regions of the state affected:
This proposed rule will have a statewide affect.

Additional costs to the employer per employee due to the proposed rule: (if not possible to determine, write “Not Possible to Determine.”)
Not possible to determine - with so many unknowns it is not possible to estimate a per harvester impact.

3. COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS
The Agency has taken steps to minimize the adverse impact on jobs and the development of new employment opportunities before proposing a rule. See the following Cost-Benefit Analysis:

Adjustments taken by the DNR to minimize impacts to harvesters include having an open season from July 16 to May 14 to increase the number of trapping days. Proposed daily catch limits are based on reported harvest of all harvesters for a prior ten year period (2005-2014). The proposed possession limits were then calculated at five times the daily catch limits.

4. FISCAL IMPACT
Please see the Fiscal Impact Statement for an identification and description of costs the Department anticipates state agencies, local governments, the public, and the regulated entities, including regulated businesses and self-employed individuals, will incur from implementing and complying with the proposed rule.

5. PREAMBLE
The information collected and included in this Jobs Impact Statement must be included in the preamble of the proposed rule, written in paragraph form. For rules that have no impact on jobs (see the first box in number 2 above), the following statement must be included in the preamble: “After analysis and review of this rulemaking, no impact on jobs has been found.
**Administrative Rules**

**FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT**

| Agency: Natural Resource Commission and Iowa Department of Natural Resources (DNR) |
| IAC Citation: 571 IAC Chapter 86 “Turtles” |
| Agency Contact: Martin Konrad, 725-8447, Martin.Konrad@dnr.iowa.gov |

**Summary of the Rule:** The purpose of this proposed rulemaking is to do the following:

1. Establish seasons and daily catch limits for both commercial and non-commercial (recreational) harvest of common snapping, smooth softshell, spiny softshell, and painted turtles as instructed to in House File 2357, signed by Governor Branstad on March 23, 2016 (HF 2357);
2. Prevent culling of turtles, i.e., releasing turtles after being taken into possession because they are considered inferior to other turtles taken; and
3. Add gear attendance and gear tagging requirements.

**Fill in this box if the impact meets any of these criteria:**

- [X] No Fiscal Impact to the State.
- ___ Fiscal Impact of less than $100,000 annually or $500,000 over 5 years.
- ___ Fiscal Impact cannot be determined.

**Brief Explanation:**

The proposed rule is not expected to cause a significant change in revenue to the state. The DNR does not anticipate any notable reduction in the sale of either commercial or recreational fishing licenses as a result of this proposed rulemaking. DNR employees who currently monitor the harvest of turtles, who are responsible for enforcing turtle harvest regulations, and who issue commercial licenses will all continue to do so without additional training or cost to state government.

**Fill in this box if the impact meets this criteria:**

- ___ Fiscal Impact of $100,000 annually or $500,000 over 5 years.

**Brief Explanation:**
Assumptions:

Describe how estimates were derived:

**Estimated Impact to the State by Fiscal Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revenue by Each Source:</th>
<th>Year 1 (FY)</th>
<th>Year 2 (FY)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL FUND</td>
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<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>FEDERAL FUNDS</td>
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<td>$0</td>
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<td>OTHER (Specify)</td>
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<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL REVENUE</strong></td>
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<td><strong>$0</strong></td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenditures:</th>
<th></th>
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<tr>
<td>FEDERAL FUNDS</td>
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<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER (Specify)</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</strong></td>
<td><strong>$0</strong></td>
<td><strong>$0</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NET IMPACT**

_X_ This rule is required by State law or Federal mandate.  
*Please identify the state or federal law:* HF 2357; see also Iowa Code sections 481A.39, 481A.67, and 482.1.

___ Funding has been provided for the rule change.  
*Please identify the amount provided and the funding source:*

___ Funding has not been provided for the rule.  
*Please explain how the agency will pay for the rule change:* All DNR employees who currently monitor the harvest of turtles, who are responsible for enforcing turtle harvest regulations, and who issue commercial licenses will continue to do so without additional training or cost to state government.

*Fiscal impact to persons affected by the rule:* The proposed rule may lead to loss of jobs or at a minimum, a reduction of income for turtle harvesters. This loss would be attributed to less total opportunity to harvest wild turtles due to the shortened season and implementation of daily catch and possession limits.

*Fiscal impact to Counties or other Local Governments (required by Iowa Code 25B.6):* No fiscal impact is expected for counties or other local governments because of this proposed rule.
Pursuant to the authority of Iowa Code sections 481A.39, 481A.67 and 482.1, the Natural Resource Commission (Commission) hereby gives Notice of Intended Action to amend Chapter 86, “Turtles,” Iowa Administrative Code.

House File 2357 (HF 2357), signed by Governor Branstad on March 23, 2016, specifically instructs the Commission to adopt rules establishing commercial and recreational seasons and daily catch limits on turtles. Iowa law requires the Commission, in partnership with the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), to manage the state’s turtle population for posterity.

Many surrounding Midwest states have determined their turtle populations can only be sustainably managed by entirely closing commercial harvest (see, e.g., North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois, and Indiana). The Commission considered this approach. However, as an interim measure and pending the results of HF 2357’s five-year study, the Commission has instead determined that commercial and recreational harvest can continue so long as egg-laying females are protected during most of their nesting season, and with restrictive daily catch and possession limits. The proposed rule is structured accordingly.

Nothing in this proposed rulemaking shall apply to aquaculture operations already regulated pursuant to Iowa Code sections 481A.141-145 or 571 IAC Chapter 89. In addition, the proposed rule does not implement any requirements that may be imposed on commercial harvesters and buyers by the U.S. Department of State or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service due to
the proposed inclusion of wild spiny softshell, smooth softshell, and common snapping turtles in Appendix 3 of the Convention on the International Trade of Endangered Species (CITES).

Although the Commission does not anticipate a significant change in the number of licensed turtle harvesters, buyers, or helpers from this proposed rulemaking (or in the sale of recreational fishing licenses generally), there is the possibility of a negative impact on the commercial turtle harvest industry. There may be a loss of jobs and individual harvesters may experience a reduction in income because there will be fewer days to harvest turtles under the proposed season. In the proposed rulemaking, the Commission has attempted to mitigate any job or income loss, while still setting seasons and daily catch limits as required by HF 2357. The Commission is proposing these rule changes to protect Iowa’s wild turtle population, held in trust for the public, for posterity; this in turn will ensure the long-term sustainability of Iowa’s commercial turtle harvest industry and protect jobs related to it into the future.

Any person may submit written suggestions or comments on the proposed amendments through __________, 2016. Such written material should be submitted to Martin Konrad, Iowa Department of Natural Resources, 502 East 9th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0034, fax (515)725-8201, or by E-mail to Martin_Konrad@dnr.iowa.gov. Persons who have questions may contact Martin Konrad by E-mail or at (515)725-8447.

A public hearing where persons may present their views orally or in writing will be held __________, 2016 at time pm. Wallace State Office Bldg., Conference Room XX, 502 E. 9th Street, Des Moines, Iowa. At the meeting, persons will be asked to give their names and addresses for the record and to confine their remarks to the subjects of the proposed amendments. Any person who intends to attend the public hearing and has special requirements
such as those related to mobility or hearing impairments should contact the DNR to advise of any specific needs.

These amendments are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 481A.39, 481A.67, 482.1, 482.4, and 482.11.

The following amendments are proposed.

ITEM 1. Amend subrule 86.1(1) as follows:

86.1(1) **Species and season** Permissive catch. It shall be lawful to commercially and non-commercially (recreationally) take common snapping turtles, spiny softshells (*Apalone spinifera*), smooth softshell (*Apalone mutica*), and painted turtles (*Chrysemys picta*) from July 16 to May 14. Common snapping turtles (*Chelydra serpentine*) may be taken commercially from July 16 to May 14, but recreationally may be taken year-round. Possession of alligator snapping turtles is not permitted. The taking of turtle eggs from wild nests is prohibited. Turtles shall not be harvested from gear set prior to midnight on July 15.

ITEM 2. Rescind subrule 86.1(3) and adopt the following new subrule in lieu thereof:

86.1(3) **Daily catch and possession limits.**

a. The following daily catch limits apply to commercial and recreational harvesters, while the possession limits apply to only commercial harvesters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Turtle Species</th>
<th>Daily Catch Limit (commercial and recreational)</th>
<th>Possession Limit (commercial only)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common snapping turtle</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spiny and Smooth softshell turtle in aggregate</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Painted turtle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
b. The possession limit for recreational harvesters is a maximum of 100 pounds of live turtles or 50 pounds of dressed turtles per Iowa Code section 483A.28. A recreational harvester’s daily catch limit shall not exceed this possession limit.

ITEM 3. Rescind subrule 86.1(4) and adopt the following new subrule in lieu thereof:

86.1(4) Culling. It is unlawful to sort, cull, high-grade, or otherwise replace any turtle in possession.

ITEM 4. Adopt the following new subrule 86.1(5):

86.1(5) Tags. All harvesters shall affix weather-resistant gear tags above the waterline to each piece of gear plainly showing the name, address, and license number of the licensee.

ITEM 5. Adopt the following new subrule 86.1(6):

86.1(6) Gear attendance. All turtle traps shall be set with the top of the trap visible above the waterline at all times, and shall be checked and completely emptied of catch at least once every 72 hours. When a turtle trap is checked, turtles shall either be taken into possession, up to the daily catch limit, or immediately released.

________________________________________
Date

________________________________________
Chuck Gipp